

THE COMMONWEALTH.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

IN SENATE.

FRIDAY, March 29, 1861.

The Senate was opened with prayer by Rev. W. McD. ABBETT, of the Methodist church.

The Journal of yesterday was read by the clerk.

A MESSAGE FROM THE H. R.

Was received by Mr. McCLARY, the clerk, announcing the passage of several Senate bills by that House, with amendments, and that the H. R. had passed a number of bills which originated in that House, in which they ask the concurrence of the Senate.

RESOLUTION.

Under a suspension of the rules, Mr. CHAMBERS offered the following resolution:

Resolved by the Senate, That during the remainder of this session (except upon the resolutions regarding the free navigation of the Mississippi, upon which the Senator from McCracken has the floor,) no Senator shall be allowed to speak longer than ten minutes at any one time, nor often more than once upon any one measure until all other Senators desiring to speak have been heard.

Mr. PRALL moved to amend by adding after the word "floor" the words, "and the report of the committee on Federal Relations."

Mr. GROVER moved the previous question, which was ordered, by yeas 26, nays 9.

The amendment of Mr. PRALL was then rejected, by yeas 15, nays 19.

Before the vote on the resolution the hour arrived for the

SPECIAL ORDER FOR 9 O'CLOCK.

A bill to amend the charters of the banks of issue in the State of Kentucky, was taken up.

Mr. ANDREWS moved to lay the bill on the table: negatived, by yeas 11, nays 25.

Mr. JOHNSON briefly explained and advocated the bill.

Mr. FISK offered several verbal amendments, which were adopted.

Mr. PRALL moved to amend by striking out the 10th section of the bill. [The section allows the banks for three years to issue bills of less denomination than \$5.]

Mr. PRALL advocated his motion briefly.

Mr. FISK advocated the bill. He would vote for it with this provision to issue small bills, as it was limited to three years.

He explained his action on the bill heretofore vetoed by the Governor. He voted to overrule the veto, but when the vote failed to pass the bill for want of a constitutional majority, and it was reconsidered, he then, believing as he did, that the SPEAKER'S decision was correct, "that the vote to pass the bill over the veto was itself a reconsideration," according to the best parliamentary authorities, and no other vote could be taken upon it, he voted against the bill. He defended himself briefly from the charge of some newspaper reporter, that "he had changed his vote to be right on the record."

Mr. MARSHALL opposed the bill. He did not think it would prove a relief measure. He thought the bill unconstitutional. He opposed the bill at some considerable length.

Mr. RUST briefly opposed the amendment of Mr. PRALL. He was opposed to small notes, but as this privilege was limited to three years, he thought it a good relief measure to be incorporated in the bill now.

The vote was then taken on striking out the 10th section: and it was decided in the negative by yeas 9, nays 25.

Mr. WHITAKER offered an amendment to the 4th section, dividing the amount of loans pro rata among the banks according to capital: adopted.

Mr. RHEA offered a verbal amendment to the 7th section: adopted.

Mr. RUST offered an amendment as an additional section, [allowing the banks to accept all, or any of the provisions of the bill]: rejected by yeas 7, nays 23.

Mr. WALKER moved to amend by striking out the 7th section of the bill.

Mr. ANDREWS moved the previous question: ordered.

The vote was then taken on striking out the 7th section: and it was decided in the negative by yeas 7, nays 29.

The third reading was dispensed with, and the bill was passed by yeas 19, nays 17.

The bill as passed is as follows:

An act to amend the charters of the Banks of issue in the State of Kentucky.

§ 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That it shall and may be lawful for the banks of issue in the State of Kentucky, on the 15th day of April, 1861, to re-issue, in bank notes of denominations not less than one nor more than fifty dollars, the sum of two millions of dollars, redeemable in gold or silver at the expiration of two years from and after the date of such re-issue; the amount aforesaid to be issued by the following named banks, in proportion to the capital stock actually taken and paid in, viz: The Commercial Bank, the Southern Bank, the People's Bank, the Bank of Louisville, the Bank of Kentucky, the Farmers Bank, the Northern Bank, and the Bank of Ashland.

§ 2. That the re-issue aforesaid shall be duly made known and designated by writing or stamping on the face of each bank note re-issued: this, the 15th day of April, 1861, and countersigned by the cashier of such bank.

§ 3. That it shall be the duty of the aforesaid banks, within three months after the 15th day of April 1861, to loan to the citizens of each of the ten Congressional districts, upon new accommodations, in sums of not more than one thousand dollars to each individual applicant, to be paid in calls of not more than ten per cent upon the original amount loaned for the first two, one hundred and twenty days said loan shall run, and not more than twenty per cent for each one hundred and twenty days it may afterwards run, an amount not less than two hundred thousand dollars to each of the Congressional districts in the State of Kentucky: Provided, That if there should not be suitable and satisfactory applications for the amount to which any district may be entitled before the 15th day of July next, then the said banks may lend in larger sums than one thousand dollars: And provided further, That if said banks fail to make the loans herein provided for, within the time stated, for the want of proper and satisfactory applications therefor, then the said banks shall have the benefits of the provisions of this act in case they shall make the loans aforesaid to the amount named in the year 1861: Provided, That if any of the persons fail to renew at the time aforesaid, the banks aforesaid shall have the right to enforce the payment of all that such persons may owe such banks.

§ 4. It shall be the duty of the Commercial Bank, and the Bank of Ashland, to make said loans in districts 1 and 9; and the Southern Bank and People's Bank, to make said loans in districts 2 and 3, to be distributed between the Commercial Bank,

and Bank of Ashland, and Southern Bank, and People's Bank, pro rata, according to the amount of their capital paid in; the Bank of Kentucky and Bank of Louisville to make said loans in 4, 5, and 7; the Farmers Bank and Northern Bank to make said loans in districts 6, 8 and 10.

§ 5. It shall be the duty of said banks, in making the loans herein provided for, to divide the sum going to each district among the several counties composing such district, in proportion to the number of voters in each county respectively, as near as may be: Provided, That if there be not good and satisfactory applications from any county for the full amount for which such county is entitled within ninety days from the 15th April, 1861, then said banks may lend the remainder of the share of such county to citizens of other counties in the same district.

§ 6. That the re-issue provided for in this act, when made conformable thereto, shall be taken and received in payment and discharge of all dues and demands to the State of Kentucky, and all debts now owing to, or debts hereafter made payable to, said banks, and shall be taken on deposit by the banks accepting this act: Provided, The banks shall not be required to pay any other kind of funds than those deposited.

§ 7. That it shall be optional with the banks herein mentioned in lieu of making the re-issue, as provided for in sections one and two of this act, to increase their circulation two million of dollars, in accordance with the terms and provisions of sections three, four, and five of this act; and if they shall so elect to increase their circulation, it shall be lawful for said banks to require all holders of their notes presenting the same for redemption to deposit the same, on a certificate of the cashier of such bank, thirty days before gold and silver shall be demanded in payment thereon. The circulation of two millions herein mentioned must be in addition to the circulation said banks had out on the first day of January, 1861.

§ 8. That the acceptance of the provisions of the seventh section of this act by the banks aforesaid, shall operate as a repeal of that portion of sections one and two of this act, which provides for the re-issue of notes to the amount of two million of dollars, redeemable at the expiration of two years.

§ 9. That it shall be the duty of the President and Directors of the banks aforesaid to make known to the Governor of this State, within thirty days from the date of this act, their acceptance of its provisions.

§ 10. That the Northern Bank of Kentucky, Bank of Kentucky, Bank of Louisville, Bank of Ashland, and Southern Bank, be, and they are hereby allowed to issue notes of not less denomination than one dollar, anything in the acts restricting said banks to the contrary notwithstanding; but this section shall not be in force for a longer period than three years, nor unless the loans contemplated herein are made.

§ 11. This act to be in force from its passage.

A MESSAGE FROM THE H. R.

Was received by Mr. MACHEN, announcing the passage of a bill to suspend the spring and summer terms of the courts in this Commonwealth, in which they ask the concurrence of the Senate.

BORDER SLAVE STATE CONVENTION.

The Senate took up the majority and minority reports of the committee on Federal Relations—being two bills providing for a Border Slave State Convention.

[These bills have been heretofore published in our report of Senate proceedings.]

[The principal difference in the bills is in the time of the election of delegates, and the mode of election. The majority fix Louisville as the place, 1st Monday in August as the time for election, and the delegates to be elected by Congressional districts. The minority fix on Frankfort as the place, 1st Saturday in May for the election, and general ticket the mode of the election.]

Mr. CISELL offered an amendment to the minority report. [It proposes to strike out all after the enacting clause of the bill, and insert a provision for an election of 10 delegates, by Congressional districts, to be elected on the 1st Monday in June.]

The vote was then taken on the adoption of Mr. CISELL'S amendment, and it was rejected by the following vote, viz:

Yeas—Mr. Speaker (Porter), Messrs. Anthony, Chambers, Cissell, Darnaby, Davidson, Gibson, Glenn, Grover, Grundy, Irvan, Johnson, McBrayer, Rust—14.

Nays—Messrs. Alexander, Andrews, Barrick, Bruner, Cosby, Dehaven, Denny, Fisk, Gillis, Haycraft, Jenkins, Marshall, Pennebaker, Prall, Read, Rhea, Rousseau, Simpson, Taylor, Wait, Walker, Walton, Whitaker—23.

Mr. SIMPSON offered an amendment to the bill offered by the minority of the committee, fixing the time of the meeting of the convention on May 27th, or such other time as may be agreed on: adopted.

Mr. PRALL offered an amendment to the bill reported by the minority. [To elect 10 delegates by districts, and 2 by the State at large.]

The SPEAKER decided the amendment out of order, the provision being in the original bill.

Mr. IRVAN offered an amendment to change the time of election in the bill of the minority of the committee, to 1st Monday in August: rejected by yeas 15, nays 22.

Mr. SIMPSON moved the previous question: negatived by yeas 18, nays 19.

Mr. CISELL offered an amendment to fix Louisville as the place: rejected by yeas 10, nays 27.

Mr. ROUSSEAU offered an amendment providing for the convention to meet in Louisville or Frankfort as a majority of the convention of said several States may determine.

Mr. HAYCRAFT moved the previous question: ordered by yeas 22, nays 15.

The amendment of Mr. ROUSSEAU was then rejected by yeas 18, nays 19.

Mr. RHEA moved to postpone the bill for half an hour: the SPEAKER decided the motion out of order, the previous question having been moved and sustained.

Mr. RHEA then moved an adjournment: the SPEAKER decided it out of order for the same reason.

The question was then taken upon adopting the bill of the minority in place of the bill of the majority of the committee, and it was decided in the affirmative by yeas 21, nays 16.

The bill was then ordered to a third reading; the reading was dispensed with, and the bill passed by the following vote:

Yeas—Mr. Speaker (Porter), Messrs. Alexander, Anthony, Andrews, Barrick, Bruner, Chambers, Cissell, Cosby, Darnaby, Davidson, Dehaven, Denny, Fisk, Gibson, Gillis, Glenn, Grover, Grundy, Haycraft, Irvan, Jenkins, Johnson, Marshall, McBrayer, Pennebaker, Prall, Read, Rhea, Rousseau, Rust, Simpson, Taylor, Wait, Walker, Walton, Whitaker—37.

Nays—0.

[The bill provides for election of 12 delegates by general ticket on 1st Saturday in

May, and the convention to be held in Frankfort, May 27th, 1861.]

Mr. FISK moved a reconsideration of the vote passing the bill.

Mr. MARSHALL moved to lay that motion on the table: carried by yeas 29, nays 7.

ENROLLMENTS.

Mr. GILLIS reported sundry bills correctly enrolled, and they were signed by the SPEAKER and delivered to the committee to be presented to the Governor for his approval and signature.

The Senate then took a recess until 3 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

PRIVILEGED MOTION.

Mr. ANDREWS moved a reconsideration of the vote laying on the table the motion to reconsider the vote passing the Border State Convention bill: carried.

Mr. FISK then withdrew his motion to reconsider the vote passing the said bill.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

A Senate bill to prevent the judges of county courts from practicing in the courts of their counties; had been amended in the H. R. The first amendment of the H. R. was rejected, and the second amendment was concurred in.

A Senate concerning the counties of Boyd, Carter, Lawrence, Greenup, and Ohio counties. [The H. R. had adopted a substitute for the bill suspending the courts in all the counties in the State for the spring and summer terms, 1861, except for the trial of civil cases.]

Mr. TAYLOR offered an amendment to H. R. substitute, excepting from the action of the bill the counties of Mason and Lewis, and by request of a number of Senators he added the counties of their respective Senatorial Districts, [something upwards of fifty counties were included in the list of exceptions.]

The amendment was adopted.

Mr. ALEXANDER offered an amendment as a proviso, that citizens of counties in which the courts are abolished or suspended shall sue citizens of the counties excepted from the action of the bill while it is in operation. Before the motion on this amendment the hour arrived for the special order, and the rules were suspended to finish the action on this bill.

Mr. GRUNDY offered an amendment to the amendment, which was accepted by Mr. ALEXANDER.

The amendment was adopted by yeas 22, nays 11.

Mr. WALKER offered an amendment that the holding of the fall term of the Ohio circuit court shall not be affected by this act: adopted.

Mr. RUST offered an amendment which was adopted.

The vote was then taken on concurring in the substitute of H. R. as amended by the Senate, and it was decided in the negative by yeas 14, nays 21.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The Senate took up the resolutions heretofore offered by Mr. ROUSSEAU on the subject of the free navigation of the Mississippi river, and the substitute offered for them by Mr. CISELL. [Mr. ROUSSEAU'S resolutions have been published in our report of Senate proceedings.]

The following are Mr. CISELL'S resolutions offered as a substitute for Mr. ROUSSEAU'S, viz:

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That, in the opinion of this General Assembly, it is of the most vital importance to the commercial interest of the people of Kentucky that the navigation of the Mississippi river and its tributaries should continue free and unobstructed, and she protests against any attempt to obstruct or prohibit the free navigation thereof, and she believes that more can be done to continue the enjoyment of such right by conciliation, and the cultivation of friendly relations with every portion of our common country, than by threats or any attempt at coercion; and this General Assembly is gratified to learn that the convention of Louisiana, by unanimous vote, has recognized the right of such right by conciliation, and the cultivation of friendly relations with every portion of our common country, than by threats or any attempt at coercion; and this General Assembly is gratified to learn that the convention of Louisiana, by unanimous vote, has recognized the right of such right by conciliation, and the cultivation of friendly relations with every portion of our common country, than by threats or any attempt at coercion; 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THE COMMONWEALTH. FRANKFORT.

J. H. JOHNSON, Editor.

SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1861.

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

For Congress:
JOHN J. CRITTENDEN.

CONVENTION.

Southern Rights in the Union—Not out of the Union!

All the citizens of Franklin county who are in favor of maintaining their rights in the Union, instead of searching for them out of the Union, and who are opposed to coercion and civil war, are respectfully requested to meet in Convention at the court house in Frankfort, on next Saturday, March 30, 1861, at 2 o'clock, P. M., to consult together as to the proper course for Kentucky to pursue under the circumstances that now surround her.

BORDER STATE CONVENTION.—It will be seen by reference to our Senate report, that that body passed a bill providing for the election of delegates to a Border State Convention to meet in this city on the 27th of May.

Declination.

MR. EDITOR: The following appeared in your paper of the 28th instant:

EDITOR COMMONWEALTH: If Capt. Dan. W. Lindsey will consent to become a candidate for Presiding Judge of the Franklin County Court, he will receive the support of

MANY VOTERS.

FRANKLIN COUNTY, March 28, 1861.

This, I suppose, was intended as a call upon me to become a candidate for the office of Presiding Judge of Franklin county. I fully appreciate the compliment of the call, but am so circumstanced as to be compelled to decline becoming a candidate, which I do with many thanks to those desiring me to make the race.

D. W. LINDSEY.

Convention To-day.

Let every citizen of Franklin county who wishes to preserve his rights in the Union, and is not willing to lose them all by destroying the Union, meet in Convention at the court house, at 2 o'clock this evening, at the ringing of the bell, for the purpose of consulting together.

Every citizen in the State should be thoroughly organized at once, and the issue of union or disunion plainly and honestly presented to the people—all masks should at once be thrown off, and the friends of States Rights and the Union arranged on one side under the glorious old stars and stripes, and the few disaffected persons who oppose them should be compelled to rally under the black flag of disunion at once. This will be the only issue in the approaching election, and disunionists cannot escape or ignore it. We feel confident that Kentucky will meet the issue and vindicate her name and fame from all reproach.

Excessive Politeness.

The Louisville City Council has tendered to the Convention which meets here in May the use of their city court house. Now we don't know what use the proposed Convention could make of the Louisville city court house. We don't suppose any of the delegates will be put on trial for misdemeanors. The Convention will probably be in the nature of a deliberative body, and therefore the celebrated "east room" of the Louisville court house—where political parties meet and fight—would not do, because the Convention will in all probability be seated. However, as it is a very nice little court house, and the politeness was well meant, we feel authorized to say to the city council aforesaid—"Send it along." You might probably rent it to an itinerant daguerreotypist. That "east room" would do for that very well.

The politeness of the Louisville City Council is undeniable. We wish we could say the same for its modesty. But considering that the Virginia Convention fixed upon Frankfort as the place for holding the Convention, we are bound to say that the action of the L. C. C. was officious as well as official.

We notice that the Louisville papers are trying to create the impression that Frankfort can not accommodate the Convention which will meet here in May. When we say that this attempt on the part of the Louisville press is mean, we refer to its most meritorious attribute. In the first place the Convention will not be large. There will not probably be more delegates than there are members of the present Legislature. In the next place Frankfort has the amplest accommodations for the largest bodies of men. She has three large hotels, constructed with a view of accommodating conventions, and the large number of people always in attendance upon the Legislature. Moreover, every house in Frankfort is open to a stranger. No one ever went away from here hungry, thirsty or sleepy, unless through his own fault. Louisville newspapers! you ought to be ashamed of yourselves. You have Pargny and the Artesian Well. Gorge yourselves at Pargny's, wash yourselves at the well, and be content.

SMALL-POX IN FRANKLIN, KY.—A few days ago we republished an extract from a Nashville paper which set forth that many cases of small-pox had occurred in Franklin, Ky. We are gratified to learn, as we do by letter from many citizens of Franklin, that the report was utterly unfounded, our Nashville contemporary having been misinformed.

Secession—Public Robbery.

Webster's definition of seceding is, "withdrawing from fellowship or communion." The practical meaning of the word is to rob and plunder, as will be seen from the following extract from a Texas paper:

The government property at San Antonio and other posts in this State was formally delivered over to the committee of Public Safety of the State Convention, by Gen. Twiggs, on the 18th (the day of the inauguration of Jefferson Davis, as President of the Provisional Government,) after several days of negotiation. The San Antonio Herald gives the list of the property surrendered, which will be quite a good start towards a war armament of our State:

1800 muskets, valued at \$50 each,	\$ 90,000
500 wagons	140
950 horses	142,500
500 harness	25,000
Tools, wagon material, iron, nails, horse and mule shoes	250,000
Corn (at this post)	7,000
Clothing	150,000
Commissary stores	75,000
Ordinance stores	400,000

Total \$1,229,500

The U. S. troops are to leave the State by way of the Gulf Coast, taking with them the arms of their respective corps, including the batteries of light artillery at Fort Duncan and Fort Brown.

The government of the United States, at an annual expense of several million dollars, were protecting the inhabitants of that State from the aggressions of the hostile Indians and the guerilla and robbing parties of Mexico. The army, which consisted of about three thousand troops, were placed under the command of General Twiggs, who treacherously surrendered the whole of the public property in his possession and under his control to a committee of Public Safety. What should be his fate? Gen. Hull surrendered his army and the public property in his possession to the British in August, 1812, for which he was tried by a court martial at Utica, New York, found guilty, and sentenced to be shot, but on account of the services rendered by him in the war of the revolution he was pardoned by President Madison.

SELF-INVOKED INDIGNATION.—The Harrisburg Telegraph says the following extract of a speech of Ex-President Tyler, delivered in the Virginia House of Delegates, a number of years ago, sounds strangely, now that the same man, his head whitened by the ingathering crop of eternity, is spending his declining years in trying to break up the Union he then so eulogized:

"Sir—I have looked into the distant future, and have there beheld the greatness of free America. I have beheld her walking upon the face of the mighty deep, and carrying glad tidings of great joy unto distant nations. I have seen her stretching her arms over the whole earth, and overturning the strongholds of despotism in the old world. We betide the man who shall endeavor to sow the seeds of disunion and anarchy among us. Better for him he had never been born. If he called upon mountains to hide him—nay, if he bury himself in the very centre of the earth—the indignation of man shall find him out, and blast him with its lightnings."

Wonderful Anagrams.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia Press has occupied a leisure moment by preparing a number of Latin anagrams on the words "United States." We give a few of them, with such annotations as seem to be required for a satisfactory explanation:

In te Deus stas—God stand in thee.
Inde tute stas—Hence thou standest safely.
Desiste nutat—Hands off, it shakes. (The Union.)
Dentatus iste—He has teeth. (i. e. Uncle Sam has.)
Nudat te setis—It (disunion) strips thee of bristles. (Q. y. hogs?)
A te desistunt—They keep off from thee.
Aste, nudat te—Stop, he strips thee. (Referring to Floyd.)
Et ista desunt—Those things are also wanting. (The Indian Bonds.)

CITIZEN OF CINCINNATI SHOT BY A BURGLAR.—Three burglars entered the residence of Mr. Perry Moore in Cincinnati on Tuesday night. Their presence in Mr. Moore's bed room roused him, when he was fired upon, receiving a shot which it is thought will prove fatal. John Leary, Peter Brophy, John McCarthy, Theodore Bonner, Silas Bonner, Simon Robb, and John Snow, noted villains, have been arrested in connection with the affair.

MATTERS AT FORT SUMTER.—The Charleston Mercury of Monday says: "On Saturday, the furniture of Captain Foster was, by permission, removed from Fort Moultrie to Fort Sumter. The activity of Major Anderson's garrison continues unabated. The openings in the face of the south wall are being closed up with stone blocks, and as cement happens to be scarce, the joints are formed of molten lead. Other changes, useful and ornamental, are in progress."

MISSISSIPPI.—We have just received a letter from a post master in Mississippi, who writes under date of the 25th inst.:

A doctor, who knows, said to me a few days since, that the people were complaining that all they wanted was a backer to go back. The seceders have been organized, and you know that three men can whip five hundred, by taking one at a time.

MOVEMENTS IN FLORIDA.—By private despatches from Tallahassee, the Charleston Mercury learns that Gov. Perry is concentrating troops at Pensacola with the utmost activity.

It is reported that orders have been sent to retain a portion of the Federal troops in Texas, to co-operate with Gov. Houston in sustaining his authority.

Mr. B. Spalding is a candidate to represent Marion county in the Kentucky Senate, subject to the decision of a Convention of the friends of the Union.

The extra session of the United States Senate adjourned sine die on Thursday.

The fruit crop in the vicinity of Russellville is uninjured by the recent frosts, the Herald says. The fruit crop is promising in that section.

Not Satisfied.

But a few days ago, the people of Virginia expressed their opinion on the present crisis, by a vote which was decided against rash or "precipitated" secession, and in favor of "restoring the Union, if possible, with the just rights of the South secured." We should think, as does our contemporary of the Alexandria Gazette, that those who really pay deference and respect to the "voice of the State," would be content to receive the verdict rendered, and wait for the action of the Convention. But we find the "Immediate Secessionists," in several quarters, persistent, through their writings, and speeches, and in other ways, in still urging "immediate secession," as the panacea for all the evils we suffer—and we observe that the Convention is, in the same quarters, evidently not regarded with any favor. Its "complexion" is not considered "very flattering to southern pride." In other words, it is likely that wisdom, judgment, common sense, and patriotism will prevail in the Convention—and so believing and thinking, we will have trust and confidence in it, and hope for the best results from its deliberations.—*Richmond Whig.*

A BALD HEADED CONGRESS.—The editor of the Atlanta Intelligencer, in a letter from Montgomery, this proves that the members of the Southern Congress are not the hair-brained fellows that some people suppose. As to the personal appearance of the Congress, we hope to be pardoned for saying that a large number of them are bald headed. This is an indication of talent. It will probably be considered, by some, as in bad taste for the writer of this article to speak in complimentary terms of bald headed men, as he is slightly afflicted in that way himself. But with the exception of Howell Cobb, Robert Toombs, and a few others whom we could name, you will seldom find a man of much sense who is not deficient as to his capillary qualifications.

The Corpus Christi Ranchero says, a Mexican stabbed a senorita in that city recently, because, as he alleged, she had attempted to poison him. In order to avoid the useless expense in keeping him in jail, he was turned loose after having his head shaved.

ELUTION OF CITY OFFICIALS.—In joint session last evening the two boards of the General Council elected A. M. Stout, Esq., Assistant City Attorney, and Dr. George Stanley, City Engineer for the ensuing year—two excellent appointments.—*Low Journal, 29th.*

We would call the attention of those suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, &c., to an advertisement in another column of this paper, of an important discovery for the cure of those diseases, now introduced for the first time to the American public by Messrs. Leeds, Gilmore & Co., of New York. mar15-1m

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FRANKFORT, KY., March 18, 1861.

To the Editor of The Commonwealth:
DEAR SIR: You will please announce me as a candidate for re-election to the office of Constable, in this, the First District of Franklin county, at the ensuing May election.

JOHN W. PRUETT.

We are authorized to announce THOMAS J. HUTCHISON as a candidate for Constable in the Frankfort district, at the ensuing May election. mar18-te

Judge John M. Harlan having announced his intention to remove to the city of Louisville, and resign his position of Presiding Judge of Franklin county, we are authorized to announce Charles F. Craddock as a candidate for said office.

County Judge.

The Hon. John M. Harlan, Presiding Judge of the Franklin county court, having announced his determination to resign that position, we are authorized to announce Robert H. King as a candidate to supply the vacancy. mar3-tf

We are authorized to announce J. Carter Coleman as a candidate for County Judge. mar15-te

State Treasurer.

We are requested to announce JAMES H. GARRARD, the present Treasurer, a candidate for re-election at the next August election. feb18 w&twte

We are authorized to announce J. R. BARRICK a candidate for State Treasurer at the ensuing August election. mar11-w&twtd

We are authorized to announce Hon. Sherrod Williams as a candidate for Judge of the Sixth Judicial District of Kentucky, in place of Judge Thomas E. Bramlette, resigned.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HATS! HATS!
A Splendid Lot of FRENCH HATS!

JUST RECEIVED AT
S. C. BULL'S
Book, Boot and Hat Store.

Persons desiring articles in my line are requested to call and examine my stock, with the assurance that prices will suit all.

mar23 w&twlm S. C. BULL.

LOOK AT THIS.

All persons indebted to the late firm of W. H. KEENE & Co., either by note or account, are requested to come forward and settle, on or before the 1st day of April, 1861, otherwise they will have costs to pay.

W. H. KEENE, feb20-1lap. E. HENSLEY.

W. H. KEENE will continue the business at the stand of the late firm of W. H. Keene & Co., and will be pleased to see all his old friends and punctual customers, and as many new ones as may be pleased to favor him with their business.

MRS. WINSLOW.
An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums and reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column.

June 6, 1860—1y.

STORE ROOM FOR RENT.
The Store Room in the "Commonwealth office" building, lately occupied by S. Weiler as a clothing store, is for rent. Apply to G. W. Lewis, at the Commonwealth office.

EPISCOPAL PRAYER BOOKS!

FOR SALE BY
KEENON & GIBBONS,
DEALERS IN
BOOKS & STATIONERY,

Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, Boots,
Shoes, Wall Paper, Carpet Bags, etc.,
UMBRELLAS, &c., &c.
MAIN STREET, FRANKFORT, KY.
feb27 w&twly

COUGHS. The sudden changes of our climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL, and ASTHMATIC AFFECTIONS. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges, let the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectually ward off. PUBLIC SPEAKERS and SINGERS will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. See advertisement. nov26-w&tw6m.

DO YOU SEE THIS?

All persons indebted to the late firm of Keenon & Crutcher, either by note or account, are requested to come forward and settle on or before the 1st of May, 1861, otherwise they will have costs to pay.

EDGAR KEENON,
mar22 w&twlm J. N. CRUTCHER.

A CONERY

SIGN OF THE EAGLE.
(LATE W. P. LOOMIS.)
Has just received Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Fancy Goods, Clocks, and Fine Knives. Call and see them. Prices to suit the times.
Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry repaired.
jan18 tf.

TO CONSUMPTIVES AND THOSE AFFLICTED WITH DYSPNOEA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, HEART DISEASE, FEVER AND AGUE, OR CONSTIPATION.—The undersigned, now seventy-five years old, has for years devoted his time to curing his Parishioners and the poor in New York of these dreadful complaints, which carry thousands and thousands to an untimely grave; he has seldom failed to cure all who have applied to him for relief, and believing it to be a Christian's duty to relieve those abroad, as well as at home, he will send to those who require it, a Copy of Prescriptions used, (free of charge,) with directions for preparing and using the same. Also rules on Diet, Bathing, Ventilation, and Exercise for the Sick; they will find these remedies, a sure cure for Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Fever and Ague, Constipation, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and Female Complaints, and he hopes every one afflicted will send for a copy, as it will cost nothing, and those suffering should apply before it is too late. These Prescriptions are used by the most eminent Physicians in London, Paris, and New York. Those wishing them will please address: REV. DR. CHAMBERLAIN, dec12 ly. Williamsburg, New York.

THE 1ST AND 2D VOLUMES
OF THE
KENTUCKY FARMER.
Sewed and bound with Muslin Backs and Stiff Paper Covers, can be had at this office at \$1 per volume.
A. G. HODGES & CO.
Aug. 10, 1860.

ROOMS FOR RENT.
Having determined not to sell the Mansion House property for the present, I desire to rent the Rooms in the first story of the building. They will be rented on very reasonable terms by the month.
Application can be made to JAMES R. PAGE, at the store of T. S. Page & Co., St. Clair st., or to THOS. S. PAGE.
May 21, 1860. A. G. HODGES.

H. WHITTINGHAM,
NEWSPAPER & PERIODICAL AGENT,
FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.
Continues to furnish American and Foreign Weeklies, Monthlys, and Quarterlies, on the best terms. Advance Sheets received from twenty-four Publishers. Back number supplied to complete sets.
Nov. 24, 1859.

Great Bargains!

CARPETS,
WALL PAPER, &c.,
At Unusually Low Prices.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF
NEW GOODS.

Which I will sell at the following prices:
Fine English Velvet Tapestry Carpet, - \$1 10
" " Brussels " " " 80
Fine 3 Ply Carpet, " " 85
All Wool 2 Ply, " " 40
Cotton and Wool 2 Ply, " " 25
TAPESTRY INGRAINS, INGRAINS, MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS,

Hall and Stair Carpetings.

Also a very large and beautiful Stock of

WALL PAPER,

AT THE FOLLOWING PRICES:

Fine Gilt Paper at 50, 60, and 75 cents.
" Glazed do., " 16 2-3, 20, and 25 cts.
Unglazed Paper at 8, 10, and 12 1-2 cts.
Window Shades, Cornices, Bands, Brocates, Satin Delains, Damasks,
Lace and Muslin Curtains, &c., &c.

Also a Fine Stock of

PIANOS,

Of the following celebrated Manufacturers:
Steinway and Son's, Hazleton Bros., and Cha. M. Stiffs.

Which will be sold at Manufacturers' Lowest Cash Prices.

All the Goods are of the latest Styles and Patterns, and of the best quality; and those who favor me with a call will find it decidedly to their advantage.

J. KRAUSS,

Main St., Opp. Adams Express Office,
LEXINGTON, KY.
mar28 w&tw4w—send bill to J. K.

Coming to Frankfort!

"TOM,"
THE BLIND NEGRO BOY PIANIST,
COMPOSER, LINGUIST, AND MUSICIAN.

Only ten years old, and an inimitable
COMPOSER, LINGUIST, AND MUSICIAN.
Due notice of the time of his Concerts will be given.
Dr. T. F. CHAMBERS,
Business Manager.

NOTICE.

All those indebted me, either by note or account, are notified to be ready to pay when called on, or they will have to pay costs. I owe money and must have money to pay with.
mar30 3t. R. S. STEPHENS.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S
AROMATIC
SCHIEDAM
SCHNAPPS
A SUPERLATIVE
TONIC, DIURETIC,
ANTI-DYSPEPTIC
AND
INVIGORATING CORDIAL

WOLFE'S CELEBRATED SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS should be kept in every family. It invariably corrects the ill effects of change of weather, and as a beverage it is the purest Liquor made in the world.

Put up in pint and quart bottles. Also—

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S
Pure Cognac Brandy.
Imported and bottled by himself, warranted pure, and the best quality, with his certificate on the bottle, and his seal on the cork.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S
Pure Port Wine.
Imported and bottled by himself, put up for medicinal use, with his certificate on the bottle; warranted pure and the best quality.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S
Pure Sherry Wine.
Imported and bottled by himself, the same as the Port Wine.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S
Pure Madeira Wine.
Imported and bottled by himself for private and medicinal use; the best Wine ever offered for sale to the trade in bottles. This Wine is warranted perfectly pure.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S
Pure Jamaica Rum.
ST. CROIX RUM, SCOTCH & IRISH WHISKY.
All the above imported and bottled by himself, warranted pure and the best quality.

TO THE PUBLIC.
I will stake my reputation as a man, my standing as a merchant of thirty years' residence in New York, that what I pledge and testify to with my seal, my label, and my certificate, is correct, and can be relied upon by every purchaser.
Physicians who use Wines and Liquors in their practice should give the preference to these articles.
For sale by all respectable Druggists and Apothecaries.

UDOLPHO WOLFE.
Sole Manufacturer and Importer of Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps, No. 22, Beaver Street, N. Y.
Gray & Todd, Agents,
mar22 w&tw6m FRANKFORT, KY.

AN IMPORTANT DISCOVERY!!
For the cure of
CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS AND COLDS.

THE MAKORA ARABICA,

DISCOVERED BY A
Missionary while traveling in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Consumption should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are threatened with Consumption should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Bronchitis should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Sore Throat, Coughs, and Colds, should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Asthma, Scrofula, and Impurities of the Blood, should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

It cures Consumption.

It cures Bronchitis.

It cures Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds.

It cures Asthma, Scrofula, and impurities of the blood.

This unequalled remedy is now for the first time introduced to the public.

It was providentially discovered by a missionary while traveling in Arabia. He was cured of Consumption by its use, after his case was pronounced hopeless by learned physicians in Europe.

He has forwarded to us, in writing, a full account of his own extraordinary cure, and of a number of other cures which have come under his observation, and also a full account of the medicine.

At his request, and impelled by a desire to extend a knowledge of this remedy to the public, we have had his communication printed in pamphlet form for free distribution. Its interest is enhanced by an account which he gives of some of the scenes of the Syrian massacres, which he obtained from those who were sufferers in that awful tragedy. This pamphlet may be obtained at our office, or it will be sent free by mail to all who apply for it.

We import the MAKORA ARABICA direct from Smyrna, through the house of Cleon & Gypsius, and we have always on hand a full supply put up in bottles, ready for use, with full directions.

Price one dollar per bottle. Sent by mail, on receipt of price and 24 cents for postage.

For sale wholesale and retail by

LEEDS, GILMORE & CO.,

Importers of Drugs and Medicines,
21 Liberty street, New York.

ALSO, BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.

mar15/61 w&twly

SELLING OFF AT COST

FOR CASH!

I WILL commence, this morning, selling off at cost for cash.

At Lampton's Old Cash Stand,

A large stock of Dry Goods in great variety.

All persons wanting cheap goods will do well to call, for I am determined to sell.

No goods will be charged, except at regular prices.

Heavy Brown Cottons at 10 cents; a new lot of Bradley's new Hoop Skirts, at 4 cents per hoop. mar22tf J. B. LAMPTON, Agent.

NOTICE.

THE notes and accounts due the late C. G. GRAHAM will remain in my hands for thirty days from this date; all not paid at the expiration of that time will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

March 19, 1861 w&twtd T. S. PAGE.

"RENEWED HATS."—Another new and elegant style of Soft Hat.

KEENON & GIBBONS.

MEDICAL

CHEMICAL REFORM.
ADVICE FREE.

New York Benevolent Infirmary,
ESTABLISHED 1856, and devoted to the cause of Medical Reform; to the diffusion of Medical Knowledge for the prevention of disease, and to the relief of those suffering and afflicted with Chronic and Virulent Disorders. To this end this Infirmary is endowed, to enable the sick and suffering throughout the length and breadth of our land to avoid the Poisonous Drugs, Extortion, and Ignorance of Professed Physicians, through which thousands and tens of thousands annually perish. The following are some of the diseases we cure, not only at the Infirmary but in all parts of our country:

Consumption and Pulmonary Complaints, Fevers, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Eye and Ear Diseases, Cancers and other Tumors, Jaundice and Liver Complaint, Seminal Weakness, and all Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, from whatever cause or of whatever nature. Our object will be to give joy to the afflicted by effecting in all cases a speedy cure.

Our rule is to charge nothing for advice and written prescriptions; but will furnish when requested the very best medicines at the lowest rates. These remedies are prepared in our own Laboratory, under the care

Cephalic Pills

CURE Sick Headache

CURE Nervous Headache

All kinds of Headache

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of Nervous or Sick Headache may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack, immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the Nausea and Headache to which females are so subject. They act gently upon the bowels—removing Constipation.

For Literary Men, Students, Delicate Females, and all persons of sedentary habits, they are valuable as a Laxative, improving the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a deranged state of the stomach.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each Box.

Sold by Druggists and other Dealers in Medicines.
A Box will be sent by mail prepaid on receipt of the PRICE, 25 CENTS.

All orders should be addressed to
HENRY C. SPALDING,
45 Cedar Street, New York.

THE FOLLOWING ENDORSEMENTS OF
Spalding's Cephalic Pills,
Will convince all who Suffer from
HEADACHE,
That a Speedy and Sure Cure is Within their Reach.

As these Testimonials were solicited by Mr. Spalding, they afford unquestionable proof of the efficacy of this truly scientific discovery.

MASONVILLE, CONN., Feb. 5, 1881.
Mr. Spalding: Sir—I have tried your Cephalic Pills, and I like them so well that I want you to send me two boxes' worth more.
Part of these are for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few out of the first box I got from you. Send the Pills by mail, and oblige
Your obt's servant,
JAMES KENNEDY.

HAYFORD, PA., Feb. 6, 1881.
Mr. Spalding: Sir—I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills, I have received a great deal of benefit from them.
Yours, respectfully,
MARY ANN STOKHOUSE.

SPRING CREEK, HUNTINGTON CO., PA.,
January 18, 1881.
H. C. Spalding: Sir—You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately. Respectfully yours,
JOHN B. SIMONS.

P. S.—I have used one box of your Pills, and find them excellent.

BELLE VERNON, OHIO, Jan. 15, 1881.
Henry C. Spalding, Esq.: Please send inclosed twenty-five cents, for sending me another box of your Cephalic Pills. They are truly the best Pills I have ever tried.
Direct,
A. STOVER, P. M.,
Belle Vernon, Wyandot Co., O.

BEVERLY, MASS., Dec. 11, 1880.
H. C. Spalding, Esq.: I wish for some circulars or large show bills, to bring your Cephalic Pills more particularly before my customers. If you have anything of the kind, please send me one. One of my customers, who is subject to severe Sick Headache (usually lasting two days), was cured of an attack in one hour by your Pills, which I sent her. Respectfully yours,
W. B. WILKES.

REYNOLDSBURG, FRANKLIN CO., OHIO,
January 9, 1881.
Henry C. Spalding, No. 48 Cedar St., N. Y.: Dear Sir—Inclosed find twenty-five cents (25), for which send box of "Cephalic Pills." Send to address of Rev. William C. Filler, Reynoldsburg, Franklin county, Ohio.
Your Pills work like a charm—cure Headache almost instantly.
Truly yours,
WM. C. FILLER.

YPSILANTI, MICH., Jan. 14, 1881.
Mr. Spalding: Sir—Not long since I sent to you for a box of Cephalic Pills for the cure of the Nervous Headache and Constipation, and received the same, and they had so good an effect that I was induced to send for more.
Please send by return mail. Direct to
A. R. WHEELER, Ypsilanti, Mich.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
Cephalic Pills accomplish the object for which they were made, viz: Cure of headache in all its forms.
From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
They have been tested in more than a thousand cases, with entire success.

A single bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save ten times its cost annually.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SAVE THE PIECES!
ECONOMY! DISPATCH!
"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."
As accidents will happen, even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready, and is up to the sticking point.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."
N.B.—A Brush accompanies each bottle. Price, 25 cents.
Address,
HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar Street, New York.

CAUTION.
As certain unprincipled persons are attempting to palm off on the unsuspecting public imitations of my Prepared Glue, I would caution all persons to examine before purchasing, and see that the full name,

"SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE," is on the outside wrapper; all others are swindling counterfeits.
maril wktwly.

LOOK AT THIS!
M. L. PIERSON,
MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN
CHOICE CONFECTIONERIES,
St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Ky.,
(At the old stand of T. P. Pierson.)

THANKFUL for the very liberal patronage I have received since the above establishment was opened, I have to say that no exertion on my part shall be wanting to supply the increasing demand for Cakes, Candies, Pyramids, Ice Cream, &c., on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

I am also agent for Clark's Revolving Loom Sewing Machines—one of the best and cheapest machines now in use. Price \$38; Hemmer \$5 extra.

ICE! ICE! ICE!—The greatest accommodation yet—can be had at my Confectionery at any time from 5 o'clock, A. M., until 9 o'clock, P. M.
March 21, 1880. **M. L. PIERSON.**

EXCELSIOR PARAFFINE OILS,
For Burning and Lubricating.
FREE FROM OFFENSIVE ODOR.
At No. 97 Walnut Street, Cincinnati, O.

WE warrant our Oils to be equal, if not superior, to any in the market.

We invite those in the city and vicinity to call and examine for themselves.

Persons ordering from a distance, satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. We invite a comparative trial with any manufacturing establishment in America.

C. R. HASKIN, Agent, or
A. G. HODGES, Treasurer,
Kanawha C. O. M. Oil Manufacturing Co.,
Feb. 14, 1880. 97 Walnut St., Cincinnati.

SOMETHING NEW!
Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, Photographs, and Ivorytypes.

H. L. GOODWIN,
TAKES pleasure in informing the public that he has returned to Frankfort, and taken the Gallery of C. A. Clarke, adjoining the Telegraph Office, and that he would be pleased to wait on those wishing perfect Likenesses of themselves or friends. He is confident he will be able to please the most fastidious in any kind of picture that may be desired, from a life-size portrait to the smallest Daguerreotype or Ambrotype. Also, Daguerreotypes of deceased persons enlarged to the size of Life and Colored in Oil, and satisfaction given.

I am also prepared to make those gems of Photography, the Daguerreotype, which is truly the most durable small picture yet produced.

The Ivorytype, (made only at this Gallery), is acknowledged by all to be the most beautiful style of Photographic pictures ever presented to the public. In brilliancy of tone and color, delicacy of finish, correctness of likeness, and durability, it is far superior to the best miniature on Ivory.

Call and See. July 9, 1880—wktwly.

MOSELEY'S TUBULAR WROUGHT IRON

ARCH BRIDGES
AND CORRUGATED IRON ROOFS.
(ARCHED AND FLAT.)

ARE cheap as wood, and our manufactory is capable of supply and demand. Corrugated Iron Sheets constantly on hand of all sizes, painted and ready for shipment, with full instructions for applying them.

For orders at No. 66 West Third Street, Cincinnati. **MOSELEY & CO.**
April 2, 1880—by.

A. C. KEENON'S BOOK BINDERY.
A. C. KEENON informs his friends and customers, that he still continues the Book Binding business, in all its branches, at his old stand, over Hon. J. H. Nolan's office, St. Clair Street, and will give his whole attention to its management. He respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to the establishment.

BOOKS ruled to any pattern, and of the very best quality of paper.

BLANK BOOKS of every description, manufactured at short notice, to order, on reasonable terms.
Frankfort, July 2, 1880—tf.

COACH FACTORY.
HEMING & QUINN keep constantly on hand a fine assortment of CARRIAGES—any kind of Carriage made to order and of the best material. We have purchased the sole right of

EVERETT'S PATENT COUPLING.
For the counties of Franklin, Anderson, Lincoln, and Garrard.

N. B.—We would call the attention of purchasers to our Spring-mounted Carriages.

All work made by us warranted for one year.
April 2, 1880—tf.

LOOK AT THIS!
J. L. MOORE & SON,
ARE RECEIVING THEIR

FALL & WINTER GOODS!
September 3, 1880—wktwly

FINE FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING!
J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.

ARE now receiving a fine stock of Gentlemen's Clothing, made in the very latest Fall styles. Also, a fine assortment of Furnishings Goods, made expressly for J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.

No. 227 Main, above Third Street.
N. B.—Large size Garments of all styles.
September 19, 1880—wktwly.

Confectionaries, Fruits, Nuts, &c., for Christmas and New Year.
GRAY & TODD have now on hand the largest assortment of

Cakes, Candies, Fruits, Nuts, &c., Ever before offered in this market, which they will dispose of Cheap. Every one desiring anything in their line for Christmas and New Year, will make money by giving them a call, as they are determined to sell.

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COLORING.
Gentlemen can have their Whiskers, Coats, &c. dyed or Imperial colored in the highest style of the art, by calling at
Jan. 8, 1880. **SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.**

CRANBERRIES
ONE barrel fresh Cranberries just received and for sale by
[oct25] **GRAY & TODD.**

FOR RENT.
THE two Store Rooms under the Metropolitan Hall.
Dec. 14, 1880—tf. **ORLANDO BROWN.**

J. J. BUTLER'S EXCELSIOR FLUID INKS.
Mercantile, for general purposes,
Record, for Ledgers and Records,
Copying, for Letter Press,
Carmines, of brilliant hue.

CELEBRATED FOR
1st. Intense black color, (at first of a greenish blue.)
2d. Easy flow from the Pen.
3d. Permanency, (will never fade by exposure.)
4th. Economy.

(EXPLANATION.—These Inks can be satisfactorily used to the last drop. Other domestic Inks in a brief time grow too thick for use, and are fit only to be thrown away before half consumed.)

The Carmines may be exposed to the action of the air without injury.

Facts Confirming the above Qualities.
1st. These Writing Fluids are now in general use throughout the United States, with an increasing demand.

2d. They have been analyzed by Dr. Chilton, the celebrated Chemist of New York City, and pronounced "equal in quality and durability to the best imported English Fluids." Manufactured by

J. J. BUTLER, Agent,
No. 39, Vine St., Cincinnati, O.

KEENON & CRUTCHER are the Agents of the Manufacturer in Frankfort, and will supply Retailers at manufacturer's wholesale prices with the addition of carriage.

Dec. 14, 1880—by.

Kentucky Central Railroad!

THE only direct route from the interior of Kentucky to New York, Boston, and all other Eastern Cities and Towns. Decidedly the most Comfortable and Reliable route for passengers going South, West, or Northwest.

CLOSE CONNECTIONS
Being made at Cincinnati with the 7:50 P. M. Express Train via the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, for Cairo, St. Joseph, New Orleans, Kansas City, St. Louis, Pike's Peak, and all Western Towns.

And with the 7:35 P. M. Trains, via the Indianapolis and Cincinnati, and Cincinnati, Hamilton, and Dayton Railroads for Chicago, St. Paul, Detroit, Galena, Springfield, Toledo, Milwaukee, Lafayette, Bloomington, and all other Northwestern Cities and Towns.

But one change of cars from Lexington and Nicholasville to St. Louis and Chicago, in daylight, whereas by any other route two changes are made, both after night!

Passengers can now leave Danville, Harrodsburg, Richmond, Lancaster, Mt. Sterling, or Winchester, in the morning, and arrive in St. Louis or Chicago in time for breakfast next morning.

TWO PASSENGER TRAINS
Leave Nicholasville daily (Sundays excepted), at 8:00 A. M., and 1:10 P. M., and Lexington at 6:00 A. M., and 1:50 P. M., and arrive at Covington at 11:00 A. M., and 6:27 P. M.

Through tickets can be had at the Kentucky Stage Office in Danville, Bryantville, Winchester, Mt. Sterling, and Richmond, and at the Offices of the Kentucky Central Railroad in Nicholasville, Lexington, Paris, and Cynthiana.

Jan. 26, 1880—tf. **C. A. WITHERS, Sup't.**

NEW ALBANY AND SALEM RAILROAD.

Short Line Route to the North & West.
THROUGH TO CHICAGO IN 15 HOURS.
THROUGH TO ST. LOUIS IN 14 HOURS.
THROUGH TO CARO IN 20 HOURS.

Connections made with all Western Roads for any part of

ILLINOIS, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, MISSOURI, KANSAS, &c., &c.

Fare as Low as by any other Railroad or Steam Boat Route.

Freight destined for places in any of the above States forwarded with dispatch and at low rates. Mark care E. O. Norton, Louisville.

For through tickets and rates of freight apply at "SHORT LINE," Railroad office 555, Main street, Louisville, Ky.

Aug. 31, 1887—tf. **E. O. NORTON, Agent,**
Louisville and Frankfort and Lexington and Frankfort Railroad.

ON and after Monday, Dec. 3, 1880, trains will leave Frankfort as follows:

Trains going West at 7:55 A. M., and 3:13 P. M. Trains going East at 9:20 A. M., and 5:25 P. M.

The Morning Train West makes connection for Chicago, leaving Jeffersonville at 2:40 P. M. The Afternoon Train makes connection via Jeffersonville, New Albany, and Ohio and Mississippi roads for the West and South.

The Nashville Train leaves Louisville at 7:45 A. M., and 7:00 P. M., making close connections for the South.

SAMUEL GILL, Superintendent.
Dec. 3, 1880—tf. Yeoman copy.

PHOENIX FOUNDRY.
TENTH ST. BETWEEN MAIN AND CANAL,
OPPOSITE THE ARTESIAN WELL,
WM. H. GRAINGER, Agent.

MANUFACTURER OF Steam Engines and Machinery for Saw or Grist Mills, Coal Mines, &c., &c., Crocks, Caudrons, Rag Irons, Saw Blade Segments, Cotton Gin Segments, and Pinions, Car Wheels, Grate Bars, Mill Spindles, Mill Dogs and Stirrups always on hand.

Hotchkiss' Reaction Water Wheels for Grist or Saw Mills.

A large assortment of Patterns for Mill Gear, &c.
Castings made at the shortest notice.
W. H. GRAINGER, Agent,
January 17, 1880—tf. Louisville, Ky.

A. STRAUS,
Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer
IN ALL KINDS OF
FURNITURE AND CHAIRS
NO. 71 WEST FIFTH STREET,
(BETWEEN WALNUT AND VINE STREETS),
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of well made Furniture of all kinds at the lowest prices. All orders received through the Post Office will be promptly attended to.

Feb. 15, 1880—ly.

COAL AND LUMBER YARD
THE undersigned would inform the citizens of Frankfort that he has secured a large tract of land which he will keep constantly on hand Yohogany, Kentucky River, Pomeroy and Cannel Coal, which he will sell at the lowest market price, either by the quantity or cart load.

He also keeps all kinds of LUMBER, which he will sell at accommodating terms.

His Coal and Lumber Yard is on the Kentucky river, immediately below the Railroad Bridge, being the same formerly occupied by Todd & Crittenden.

JOHN C. BATES.
September 3, 1880—tf.

WINE, LIQUORS, &c.,
OF EVERY VARIETY, vintage, name, and quality, for sale at
dec21 **GRAY & TODD'S.**

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effective alternative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to the large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

SCROFULA AND SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, SYPHILIS AND SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPSY, NEURALGIA OR TIC DOULOUREUX, DEBILITY, DYSENTERY AND INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE ON THE FACE, AND indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system is striven to rid itself of corruption, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this purgation of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone is not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS.
Price, \$1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for \$5.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. It is a long time in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
FOR THE CURE OF
Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diarrhoea, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetters, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Diaper, and for Purifying the Blood.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price 25 cents per Box; Five boxes for \$1.00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the recitation of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

All our Remedies are
For sale by J. M. MILLS and W. H. AVERILL, Frankfort, and by all Druggists.

R. A. ROBINSON & CO., Louisville, Ky.,
April 23, 1880—ly. General Agents.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA.
A benevolent Institution established by special endorsement, for the relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Venereal and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the cure of diseases of the Sexual Organs.

MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.) and in cases of extreme poverty, medicine furnished free of charge.

VALUABLE REPORTS on Syphilis, and other diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the NEW REMEDIES employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors.

EDRA D. HEARTWELL, Pres't.
Geo. Fairchild, Sec'y. [June 23, 1880—ly.]

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.
NOTICE is hereby given that we will rigidly enforce the law against all persons who trespass on our lands by passing through the same, leaving down our fences, pillaging our crops and fruit, cutting trees or hunting and fishing on our farms.

R. GILLISPIE,
EMILY SCARCE,
THOS. S. PAGE.
Franklin county, August 13, 1880.

Notice to Trespassers.
WE, the undersigned, forbid hunting, shooting game, and cutting trees upon our premises. The law will be enforced against all who do so.

Thomas Terry, **S. E. Scofield,**
Joseph Elliott, **Joseph Parrent,**
Jeppha D. Parrent, **Wm. T. Reading,**
Dr. J. R. Hawkins, **A. B. Read,**
Hugh Allen, **Talbot Collins.**
FRANKLIN COUNTY, February 11, 1881. ly

WANTED.
2,000 POUNDS LIVE GESE FEATHERS, for which Furniture will be exchanged at each price.
Feb 13 **A. G. CAMMACK.**

Guard against Fall and Winter Fires!
BY
CHOICE INSURANCE
WITH THE



CASH CAPITAL, - \$1,000,000,
ABSOLUTE AND UNIMPAIRED.
NET SURPLUS OF - \$942,800 T2,
And the prestige of 40 years success and experience.

UPWARDS OF \$12,000,000
Of Losses have been paid by the Etna Insurance Company in the past 40 years.

The value of reliable Insurance will be apparent from the following:

LOSSES PAID BY THE ETNA DURING THE PAST FIVE YEARS.

In Ohio \$431,520 83 Michigan ... 158,043 81
In Wis'n, 106,955 07 Indiana ... 146,839 81
In Kent'y, 204,939 40 Illinois ... 448,327 41
Missouri ... 384,518 04 Tennessee, 97,549 21
Iowa & Min 101,390 46 Kansas & Neb 19,943 77
Penn & Va. 31,595 92 Ark. & La. 23,943 09
Mississippi and Alabama ... \$52,412 18

Fire and Inland Navigation.
Risks accepted at terms consistent with solvency and fair profit.

Special attention given to Insurance of DWELLINGS and Contents, for terms of 1 to 5 years.

The solid service long and successfully rendered, and the many advantages of the Etna Insurance Company in every respect, should not be overlooked by those ready to insure and understanding their interests.

During "stringent times" the necessity for reliable Insurance becomes an imperative duty—the ability of property owners to sustain loss being much lessened.

Agencies in all the principal cities and towns throughout the State. Policies issued without delay, by any of the authorized agents of the company.

Business attended to with dispatch and fidelity.
June 20, 1880. **H. WINGATE, Agent,** Frankfort, Ky.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW,
An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers her

SOOTHING SYRUP,
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is sure to regulate the Bowels, soothe the mother, it will give rest to yourselves and Benefit and Health to your Infants.

We have just put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say, in confidence and truth, of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never failed in a single instance to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of the highest commendation of its magical effects and medicinal virtues. We speak in this matter "what we do know" after ten years' experience and pledge our reputation for the fulfillment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the Syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most EXPERIENCED and SKILLED NURSES in New England, and has been used with NEVER-FAILING SUCCESS in

THOUSANDS OF CASES.
It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve Griping in the Bow